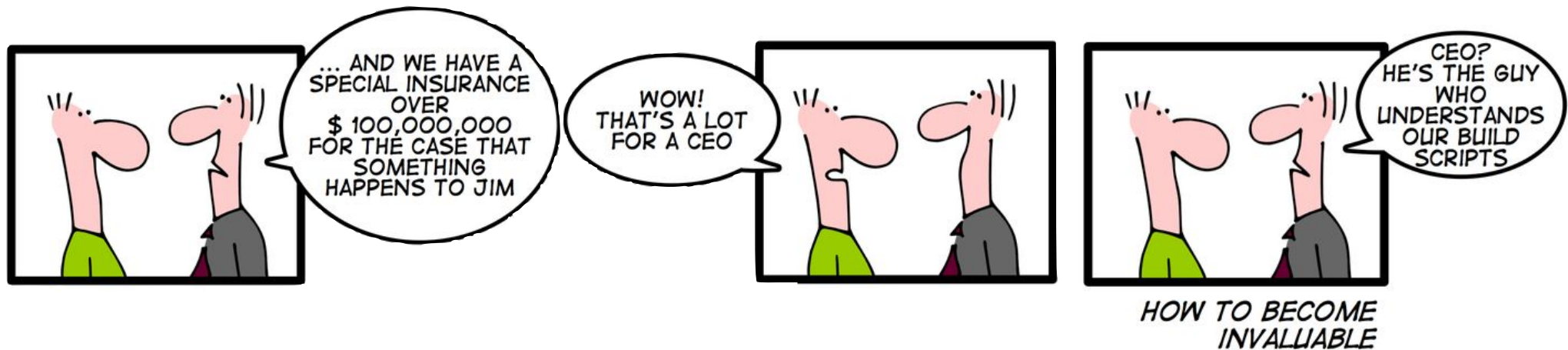


Getting Scientific Software Installed Tools & Best Practices



SC 14 Bird-of-a-Feather session

19 November 2014

andy.georges@ugent.be and jens.timmerman@ugent.be



HPC-UGent in a nutshell

- Central ICT department team at UGent (Belgium)
 - 9 members: 1 manager, ~3 user support staff, ~5 sysadmins
 - tasks: hardware, system administration, software deployment, user support, training, ...
- Varied machine park
 - 6 Tier-2 clusters: 34 - 170 nodes, 8 - 32 cores, 2 - 4 GiB/core
 - 1 Tier-1 cluster: 528 nodes, 16 cores, 4 GiB/core
 - Total over 1000 worker nodes
- Varied user base with +1400 accounts, wide range of research domains
- Flemish Supercomputer Centre (VSC) member
 - virtual as a collaboration between Flemish university associations

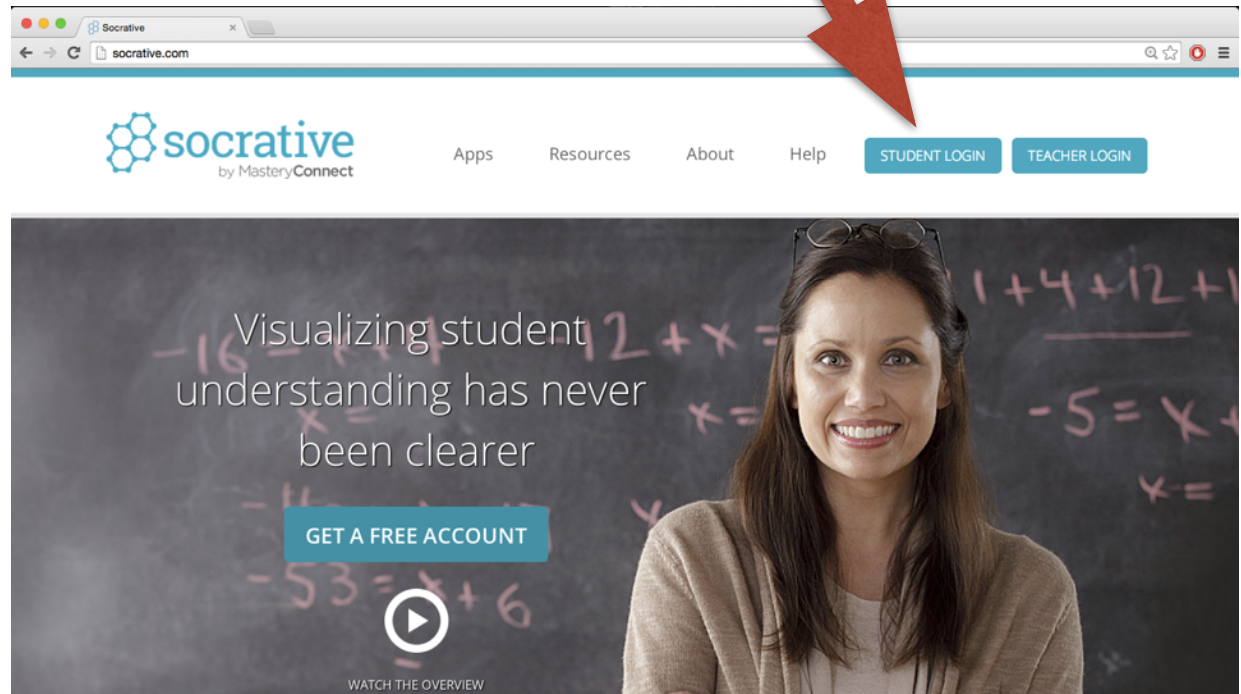


Today's outline

- Lightning talks (5 minutes each)
 - Spack: a flexible package manager for HPC— Todd Gamblin (LLNL)
 - Lmod: A Modern Environment Module System— Robert McLay (TACC)
 - EasyBuild — Jens Timmerman (UGent)
- Show of hands for a couple key topics
- Open discussion
 - What are major issues do(es) you(your team) have?
 - Which tools are you using and would you recommend them?

- Visit <http://socrative.com>

- use your laptop,
phone,
tablet,
...



- Choose 'Student Login'
- Room number **570181**
- Participate!
- First question to see if things are working properly.



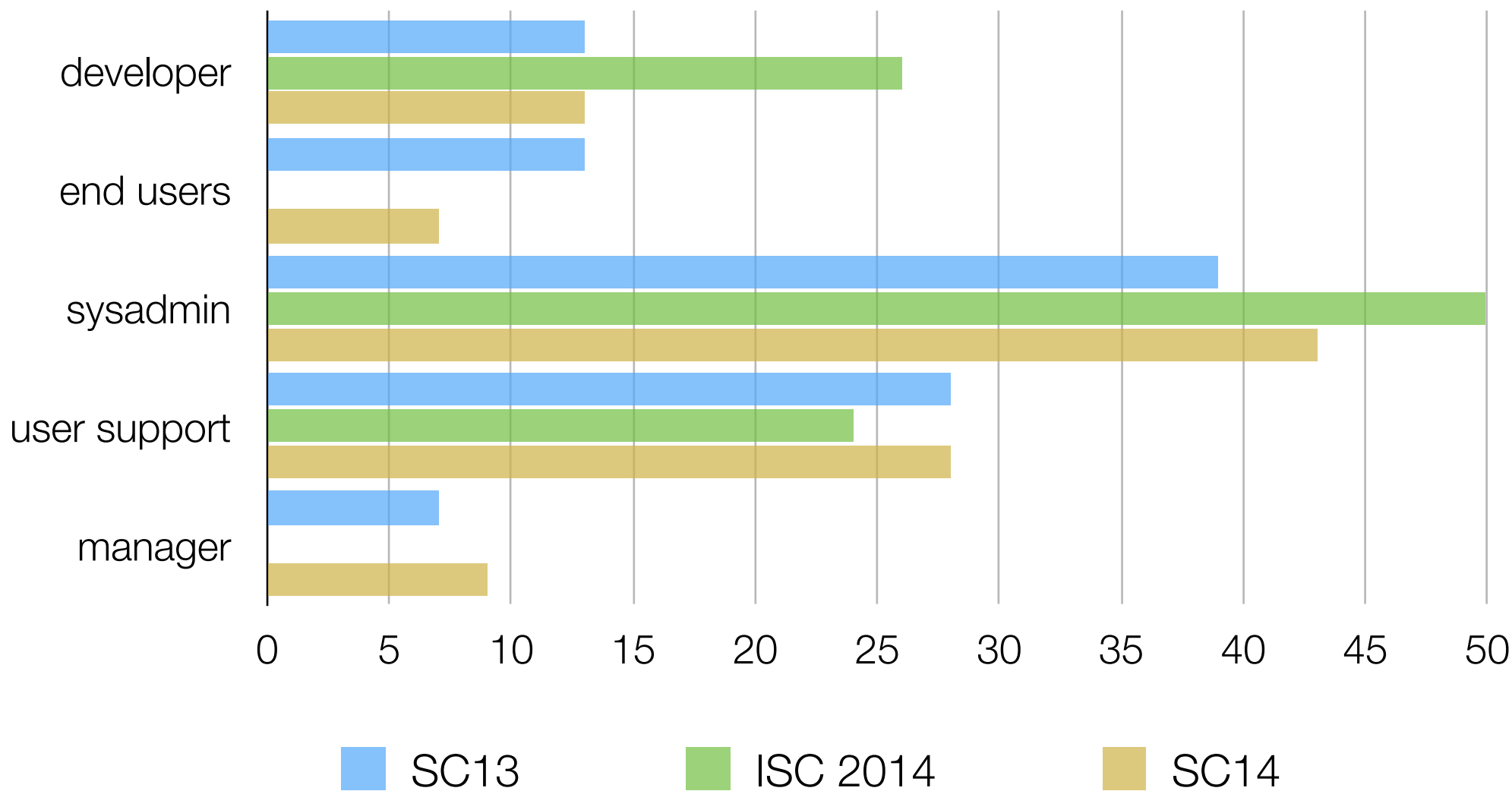
socrative.com - 570181

Who are you?

- scientific software developer
- researcher or end-user of scientific software
- system administrator
- user support team member
- manager
- other, i.e., none of the above



Who are you?





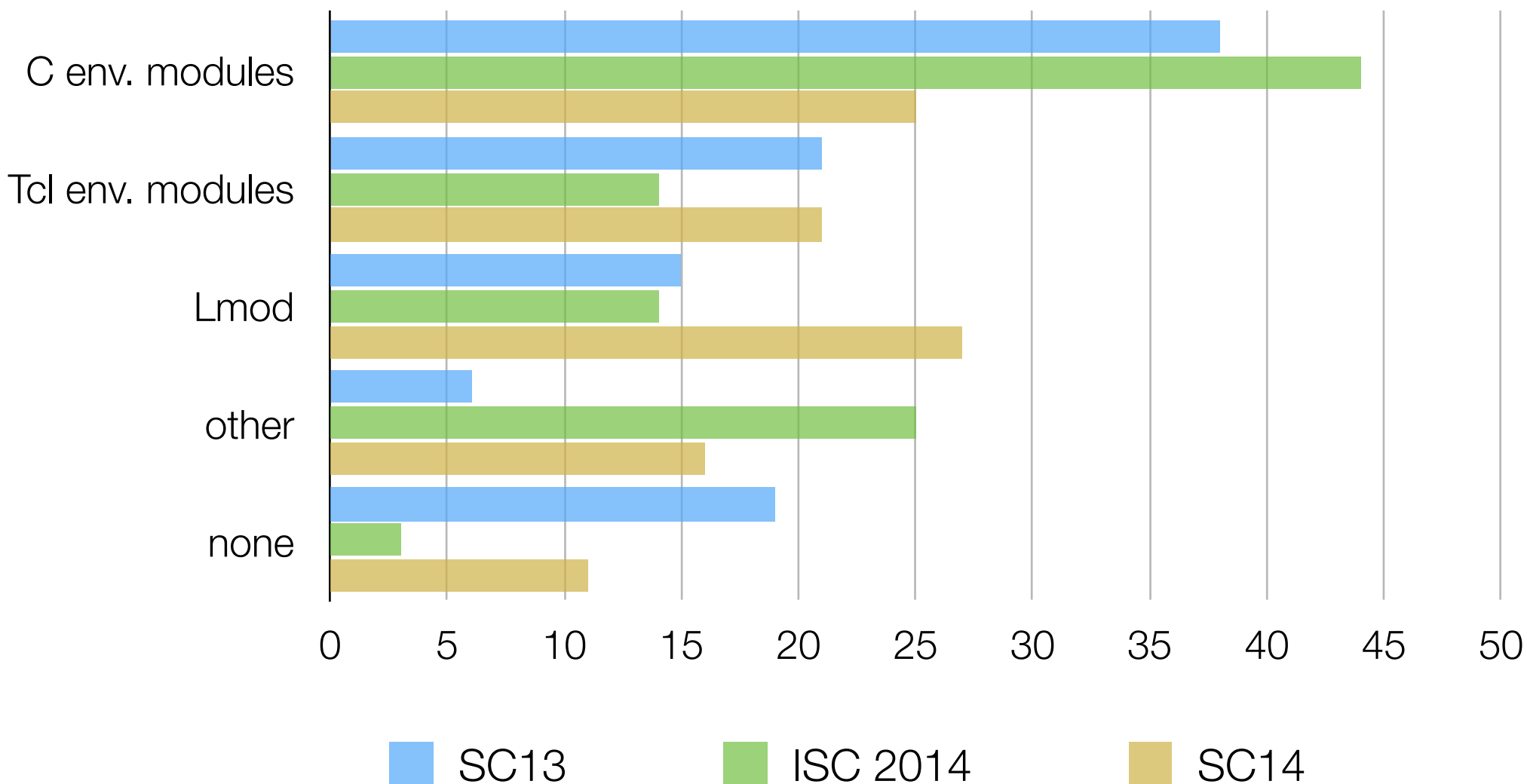
Which modules tool do you use?

- Tcl/C environment modules (uses `modulecmd`)
- Tcl environment modules (uses `modulecmd.tcl`)
- Lmod
- no modules tool
- something else entirely

If you are in doubt, check the output of
`which module` or `type module`



Which modules tools do you use?



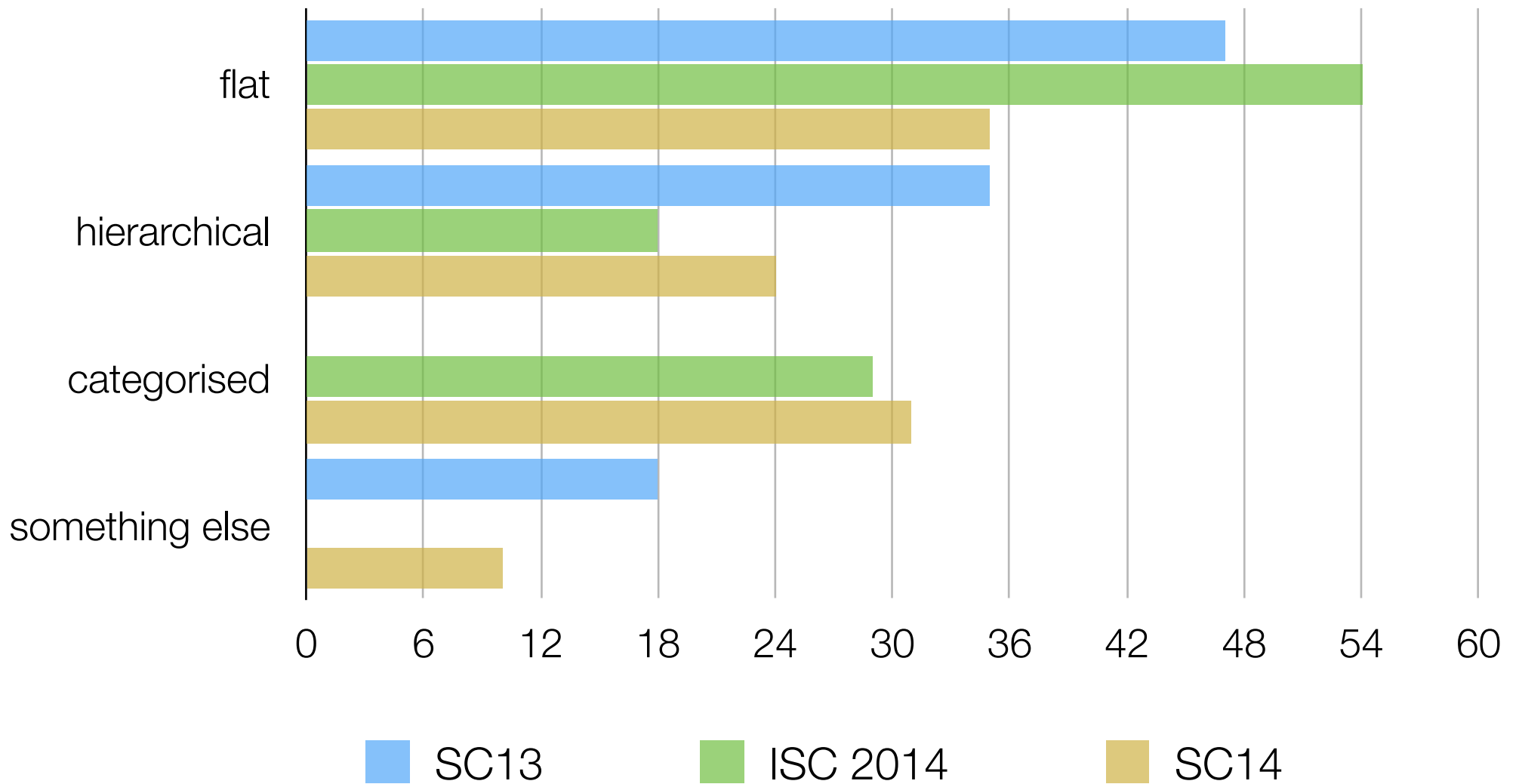


Which module naming scheme do you use?

- a flat scheme: `module list` shows all the modules
- a flat scheme with modules grouped per category
- a hierachical or tree scheme, e.g.,
 - `module list` shows only compilers
 - `module load <compiler> first`
 - `module load <MPI> second`
 - `module load <software> last`
- something else?

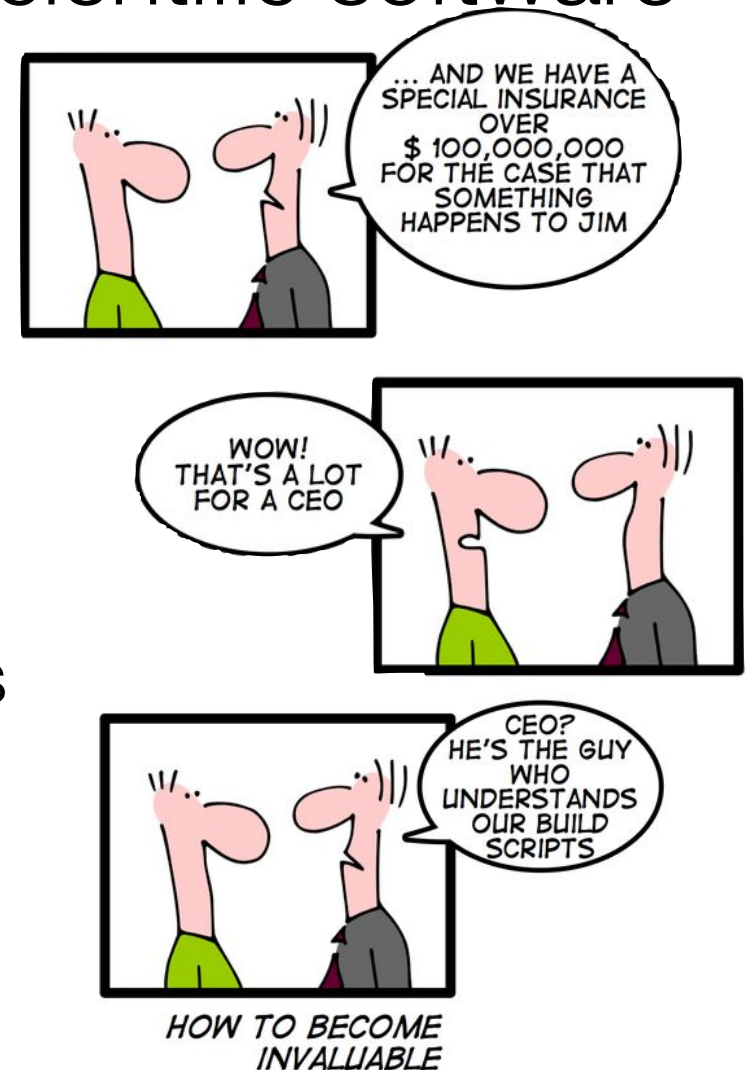


Using which modules naming scheme?



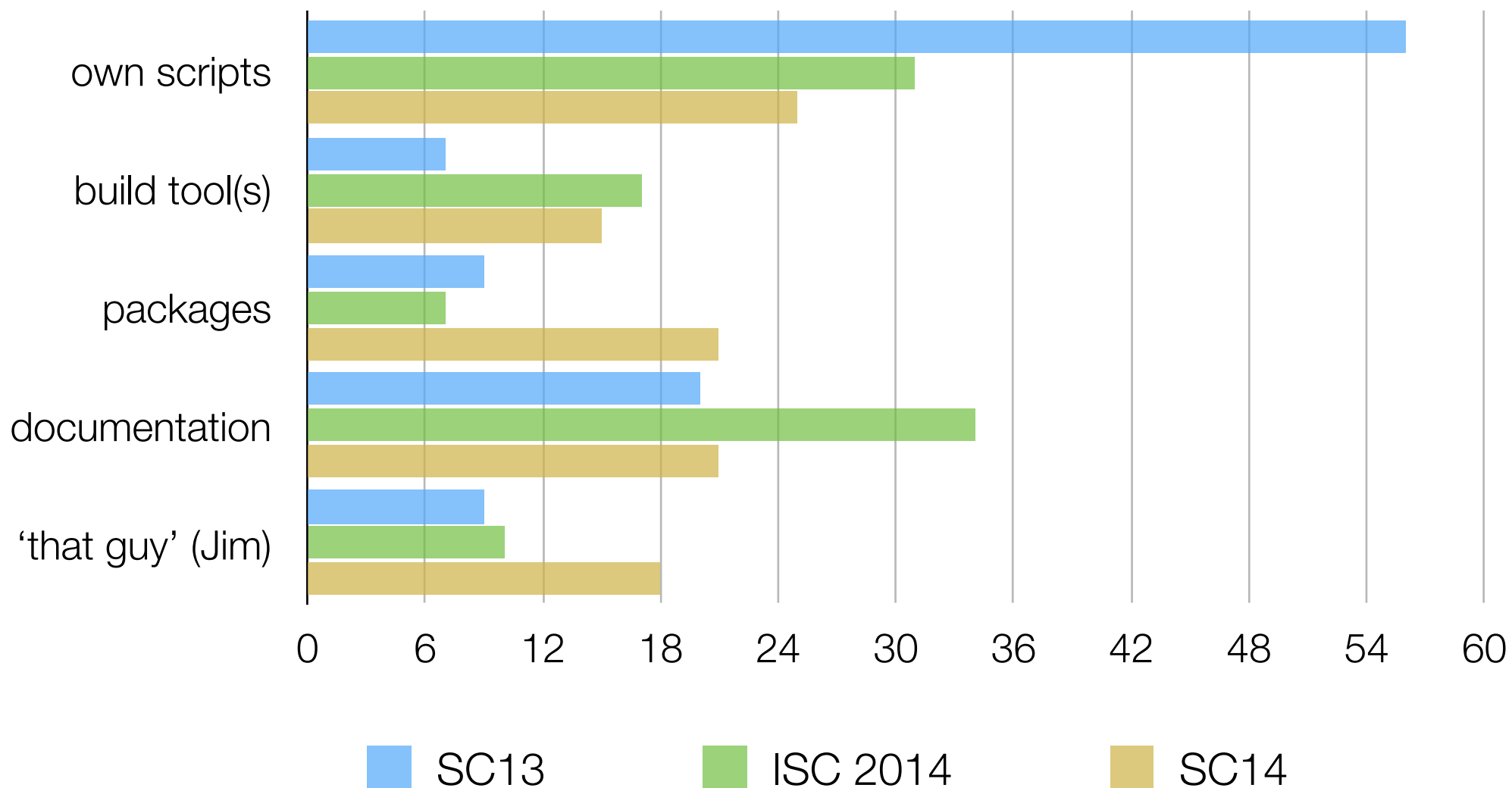
Tools for building/installing scientific software

- self written scripts in any form
- existing build tools (homebrew, portage, ports, Spack, EasyBuild, iBS, nix, ...)
- packages (RPM, .deb, ...)
- well documented build procedures
- 'that guy' (Jim)
- other?





How do you build and install software?



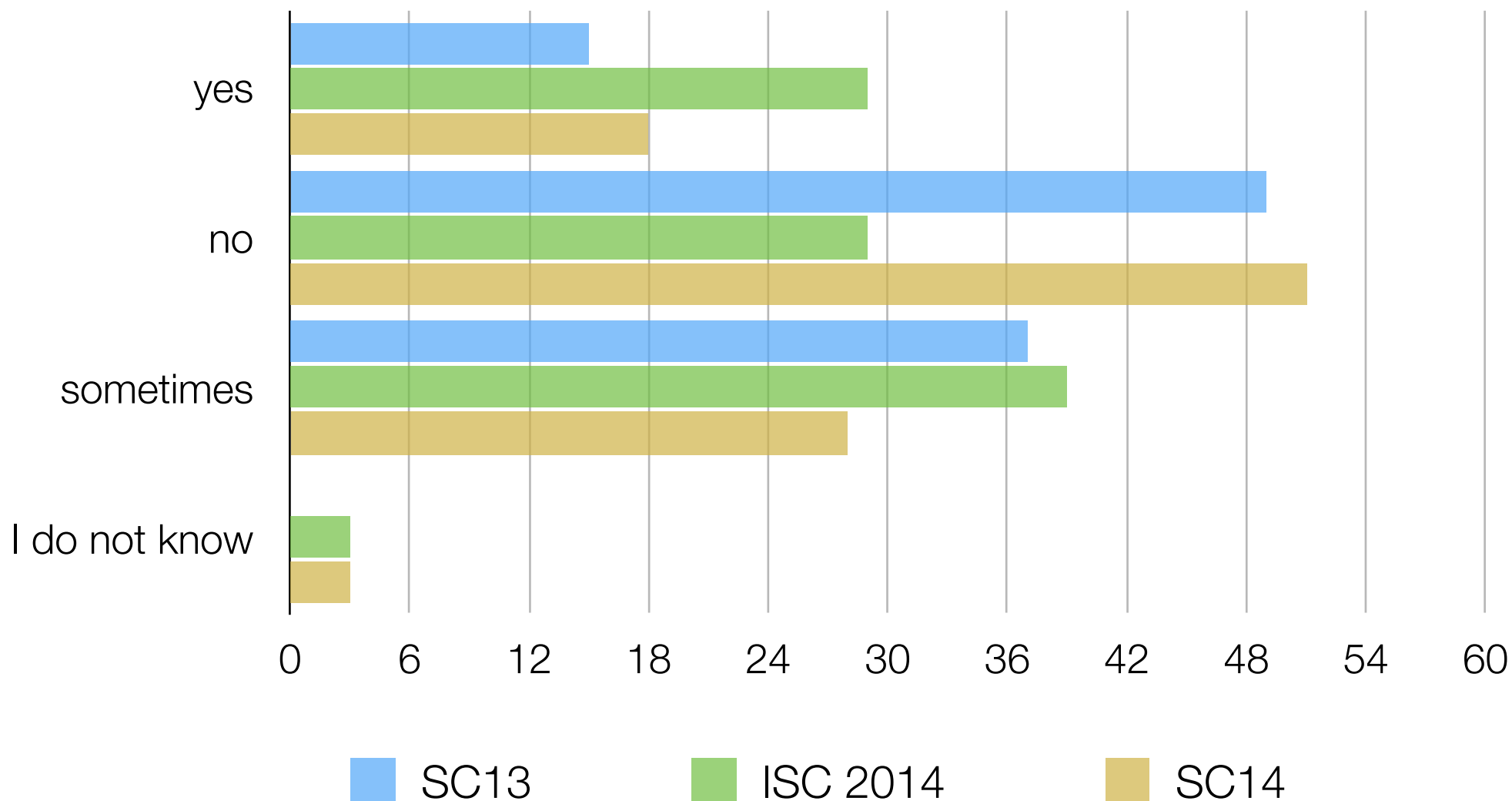


Which best practices do you use?

- collaboration with other sites
- automation of builds
- automagical generation of module files
- multiple builds of the same software package
- testing of the installed software
 - simple: verifying existence of binaries, libraries, ...
 - thorough: well-defined tests, result verification, ...
- performance evaluation and monitoring (over time)
- track build metadata: procedure, log, time, dependencies, ...
- archive package sources to counter disappearance upstream



Do you collaborate with other sites?



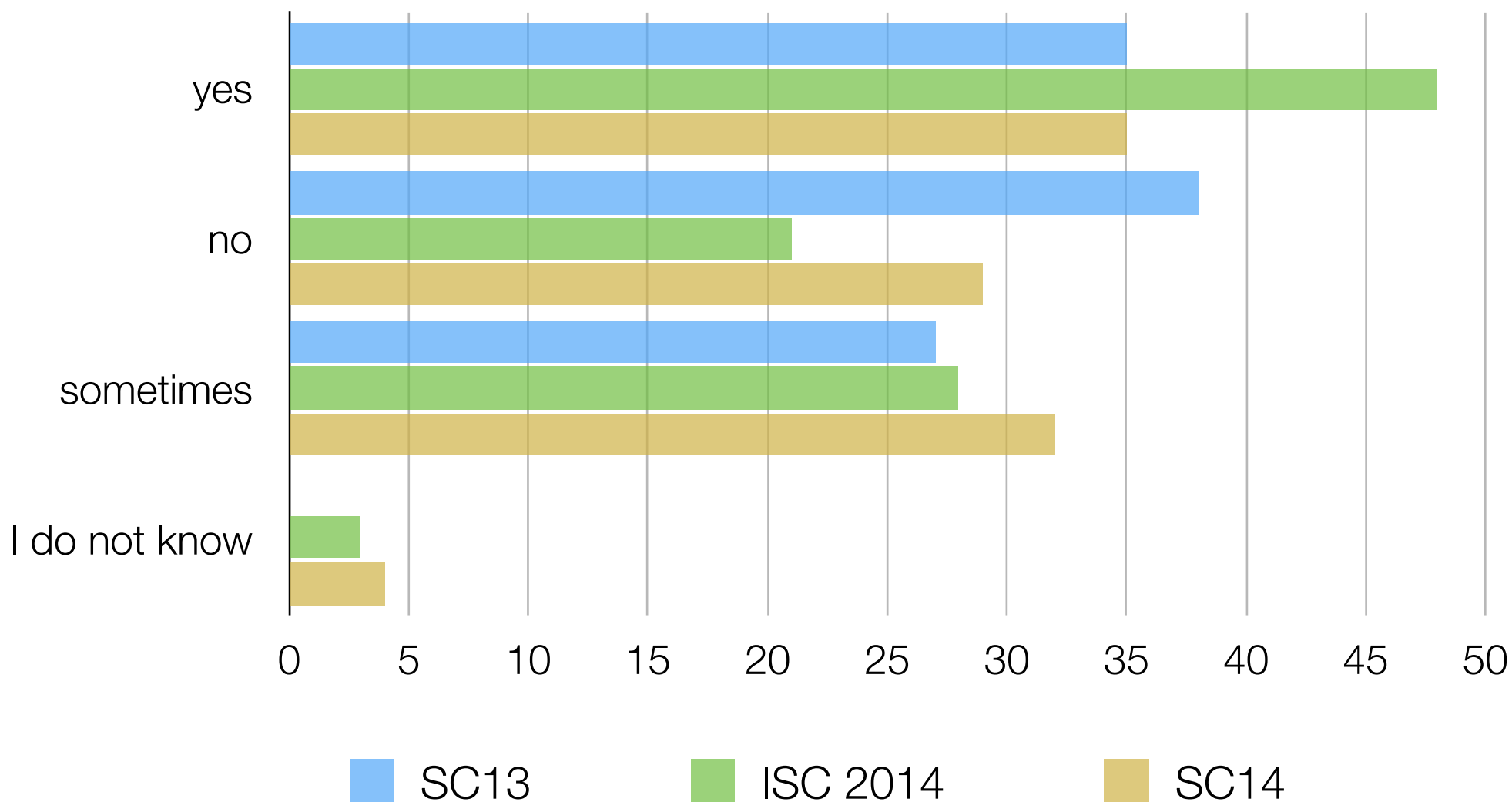


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Do you automate software builds?



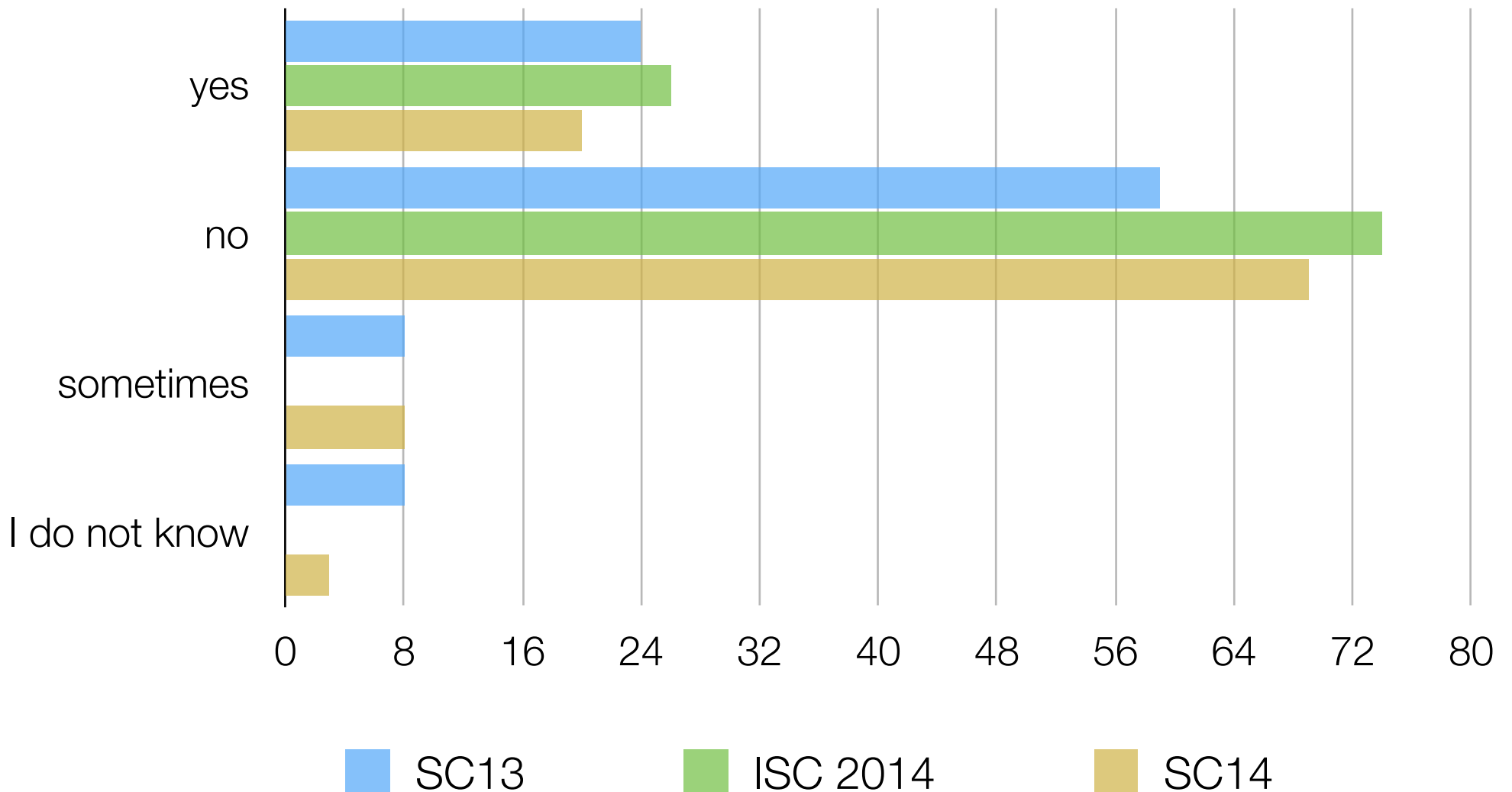


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Are module files automagically generated?



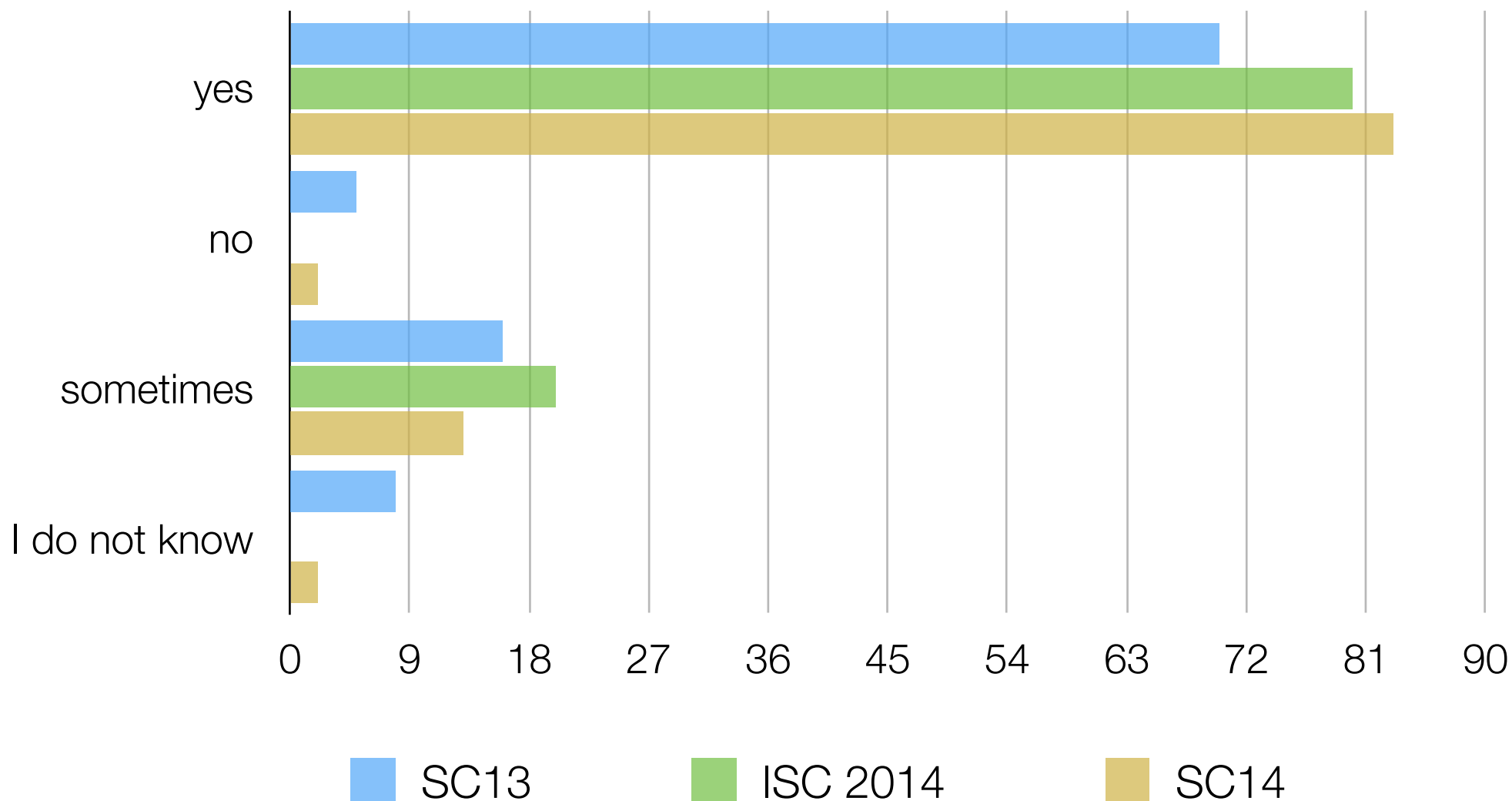


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Providing multiple builds per application?



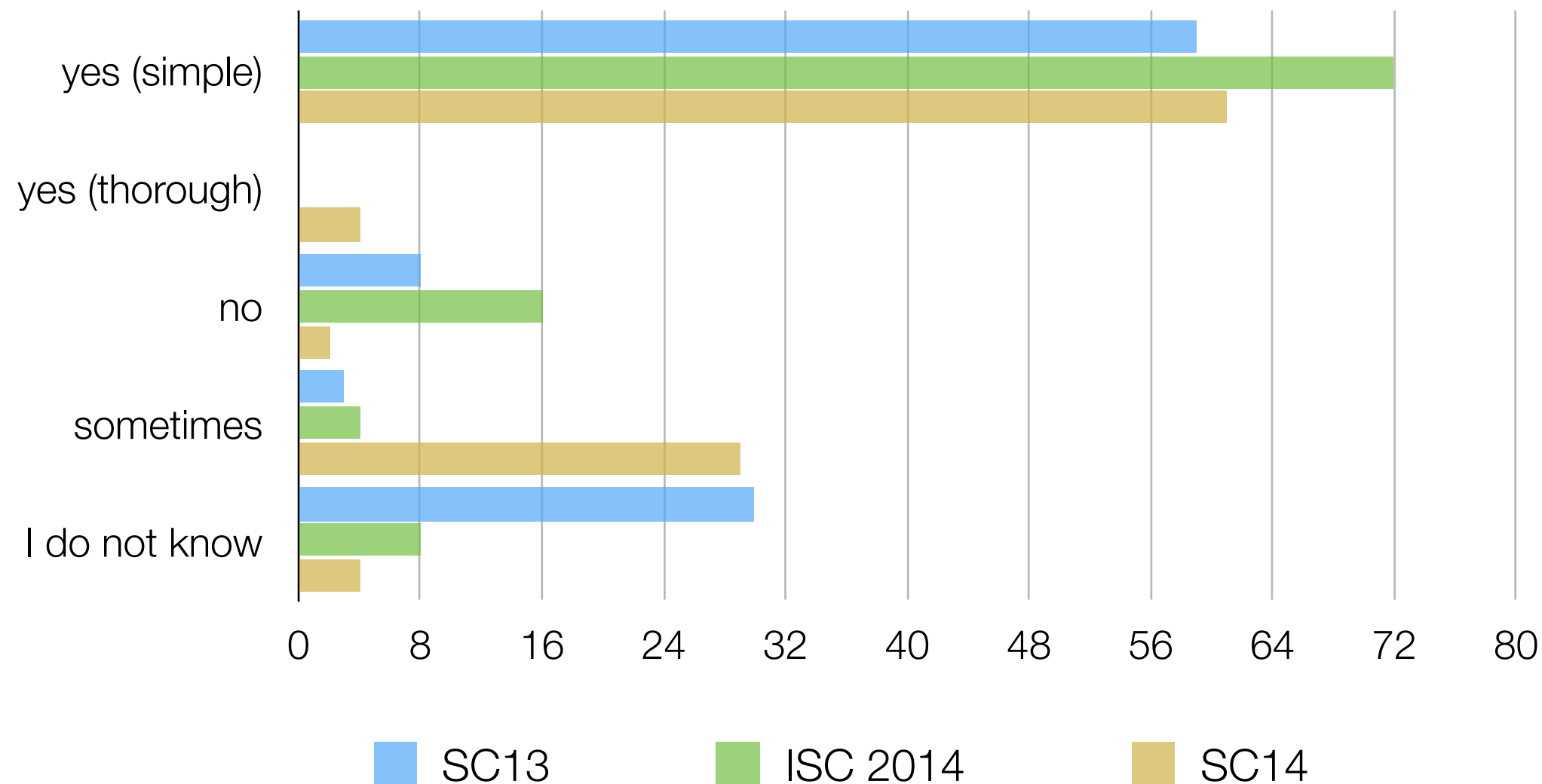


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Do you test correctness of software builds?



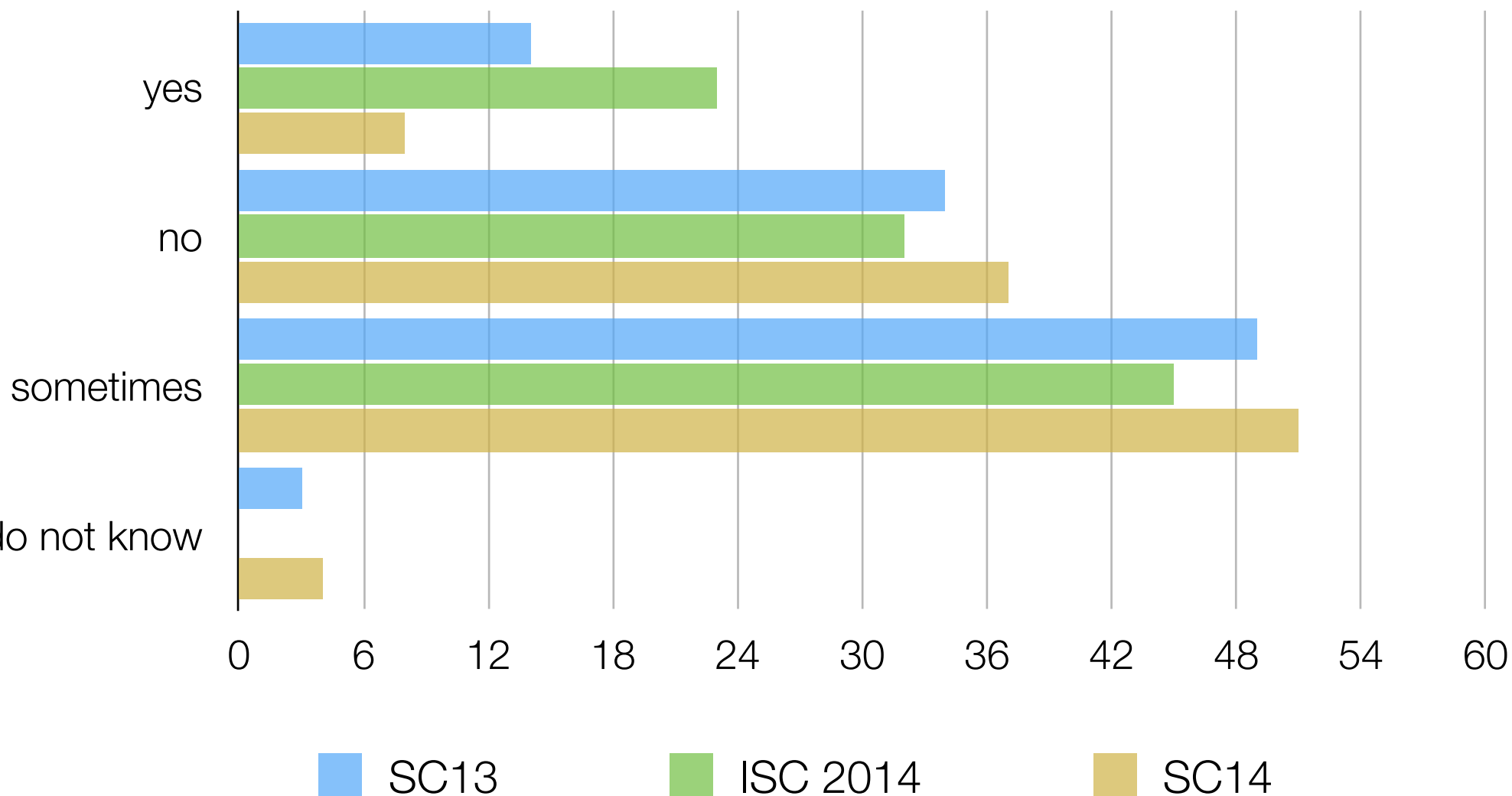


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Do you evaluate the software performance?



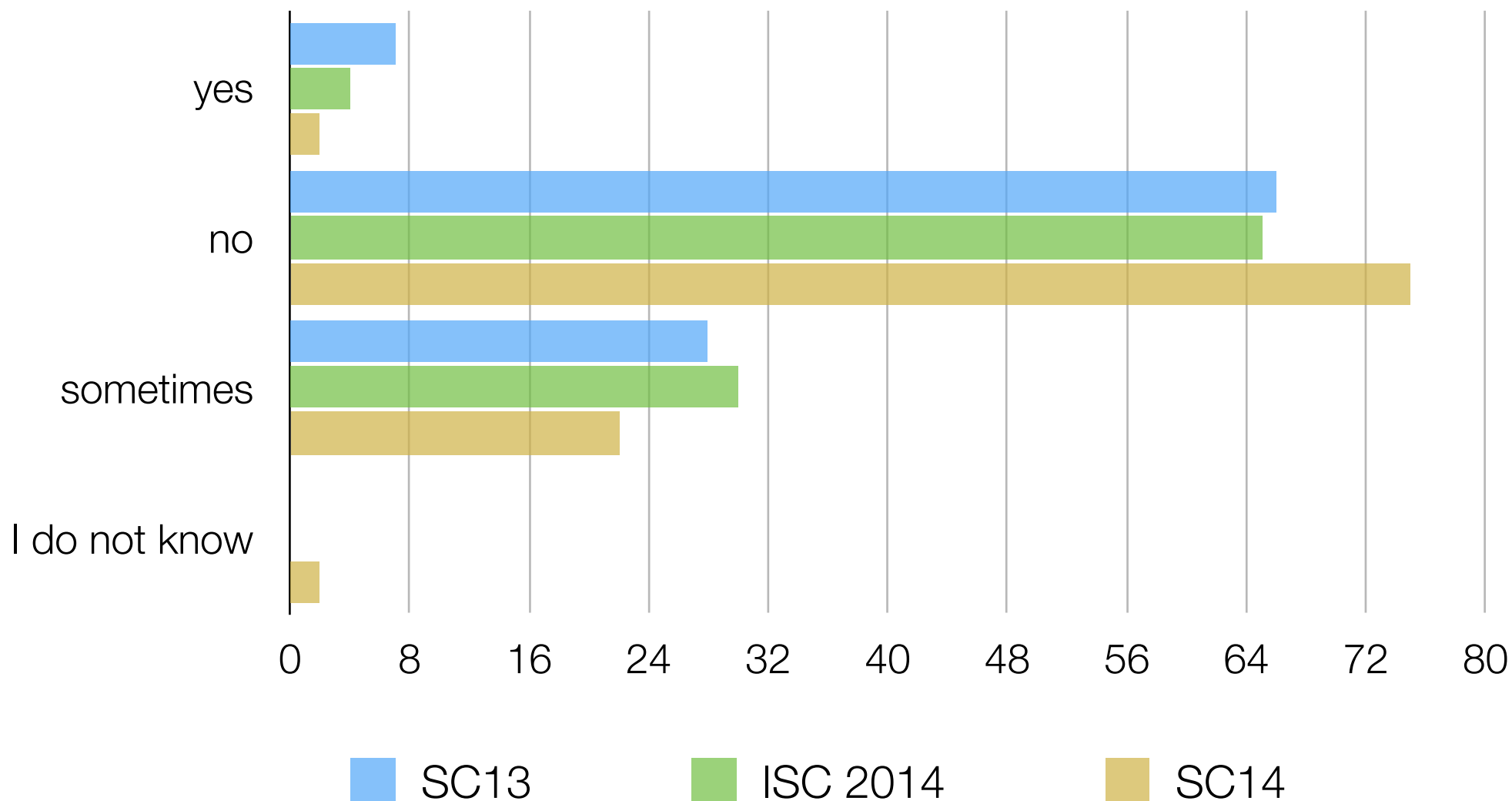


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Do you monitor software performance?



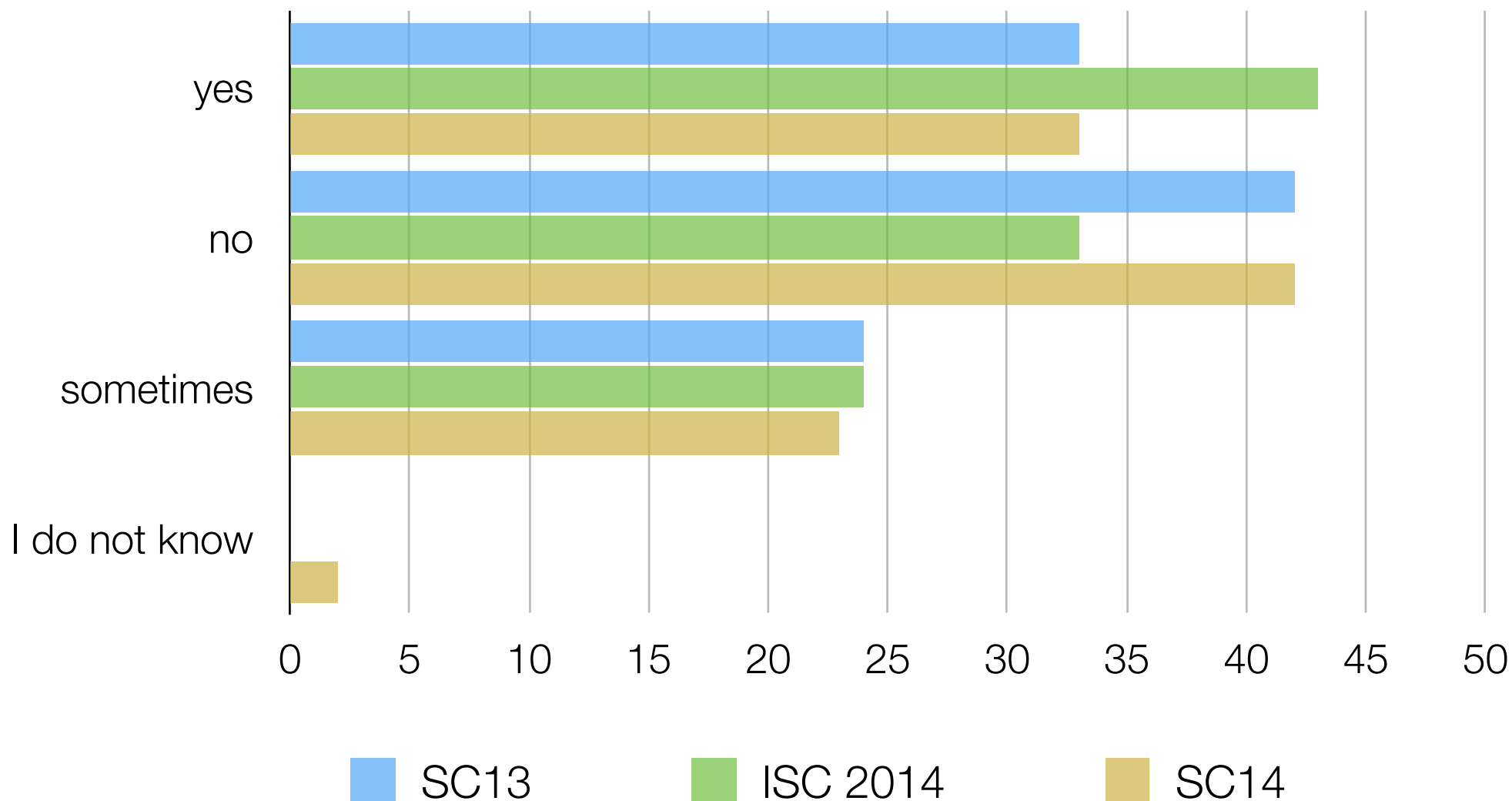


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Do you keep track of build metadata?



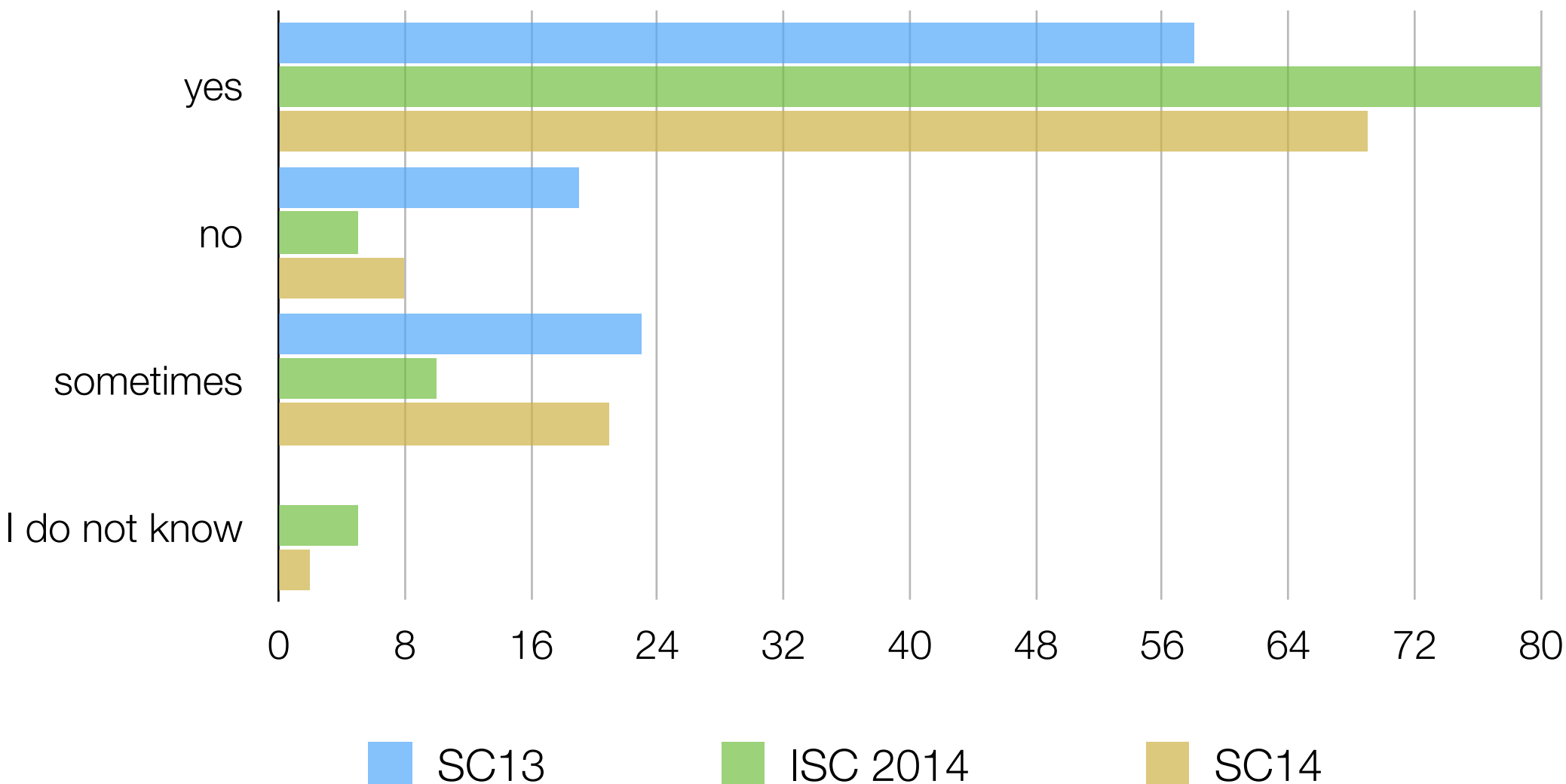


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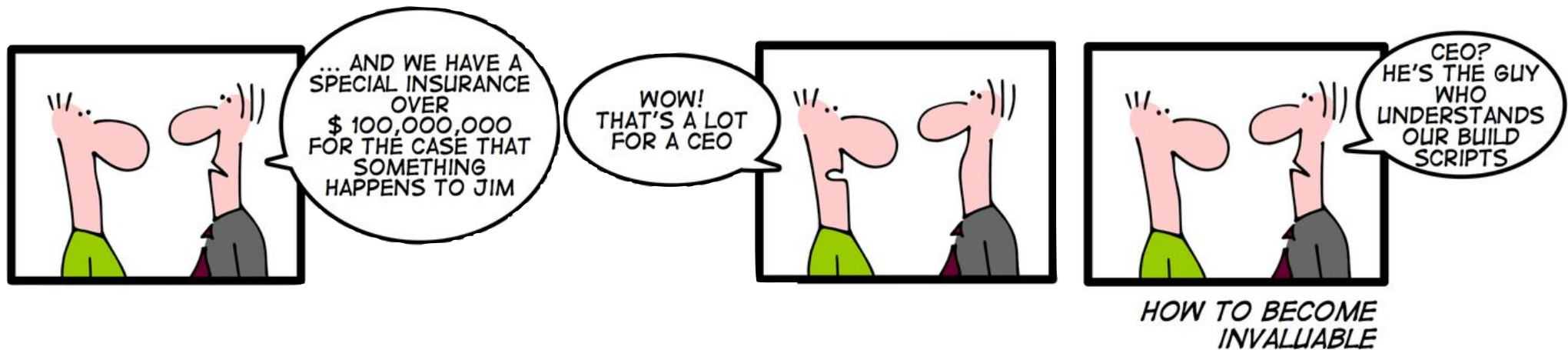
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Do you keep an archive of software sources?



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